

A Typology of Research Activities and Attributes to Inform Research

(Adjective)

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Value of Typology

- Analytical tool to characterize science
- Provide framework to compare and contrast different forms of science
- Guide deliberation about goals and expectations of research
- Inform the design, implementation and evaluation of research

Science Serving Society



The facts are coming! The facts are coming!

- Called upon to provide relevant information
- Raise awareness, expand alternatives, clarify choices and inform decisions
- Linking science and decision making is difficult
 - Cultural, epistemic
 - Not the 'right' science

Types of Research

Ad hoc

Applied

Background

Baconian

Basic

Clinical

Committed

Curiosity-Driven

Curiosity-Oriented

Development

Directed

Experimental

Free Basic

Fundamental

Jeffersonian

Mode 1

Mission-Oriented

Newtonian

Normal Science

Oriented-Basic

Pure

Pure-Basic

Purposive-Basic

Strategic

Tactical

Uncommitted

Use-Inspired

Criteria:

- Motivation for research (fundamental discovery vs. application of knowledge)
- Temporal Delay to application

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No Explicit Role for Users

Values Informing Research

- Science values
 - Knowledge
- User values
 - Knowledge
 - Understanding
 - Information decisions
 - Solving problems

Values Informing Research

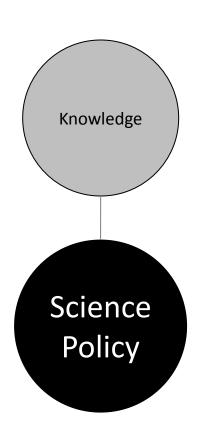
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Reinforced by:

- Culture
- Epistemology
- Languages
- Participants...

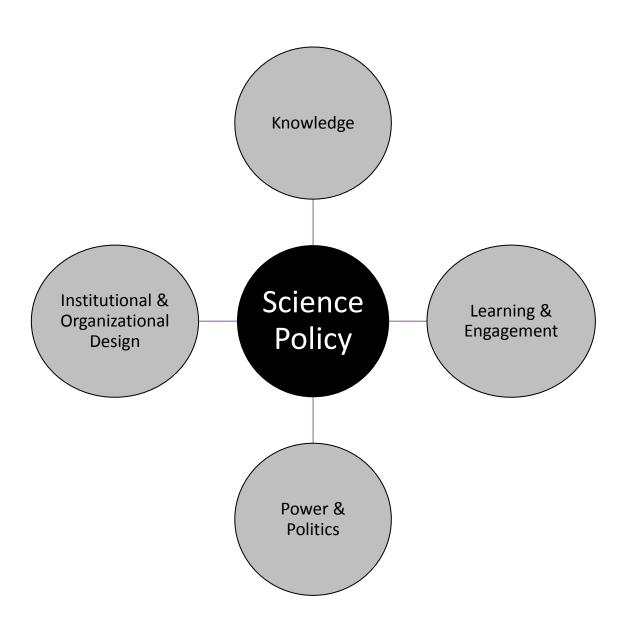
Policy for Science

Most science-policy deliberation looks at all aspects of knowledge production including content, expertise, dissemination, credibility, quality etc.



Misses other important variables that provide a more comprehensive assessment of research

Policy for Science



Introducing the Typology

- Derived from:
 - Exhaustive literature
 - Experience and expertise of scientists & science managers working with users
- Four activities with multiple attributes
- Represented in spectrum of value criteria
 - Science values
 - User values
- Variables and criteria are idealized and not weighted equally

Activity	Attribute	Spectra of Research Criteria	
		Science Values	User Values
		~	
	Expertise	Epistemic	Experiential
	Relevance	General	Contextual
Knowledge	Disciplinary Focus	Singular, Narrow	Transdisciplinary, Diverse
Production	Uncertainty	Reduce Uncertainty	Manage Uncertainty
	Goals for Research	Exploratory	Outcome Oriented
	Learning	Theoretical	Social, Practical
Learning &	Knowledge Exchange	Narrow	Iterative, Influential
Engagement Processes	Network Participation	Homogeneous	Heterogeneous
	Social Capital	Negligible	Significant
	Accessibility	Constrained	High
	Outputs	Narrow	Diverse
Organizational & Institutional Dynamics	Evaluation & Effectiveness	Science-Centric	Public-Value Oriented
	Flexibility	Constrained	Responsive
	Human Capital	Narrow	Broad
	Boundary Management	Limited	Broad

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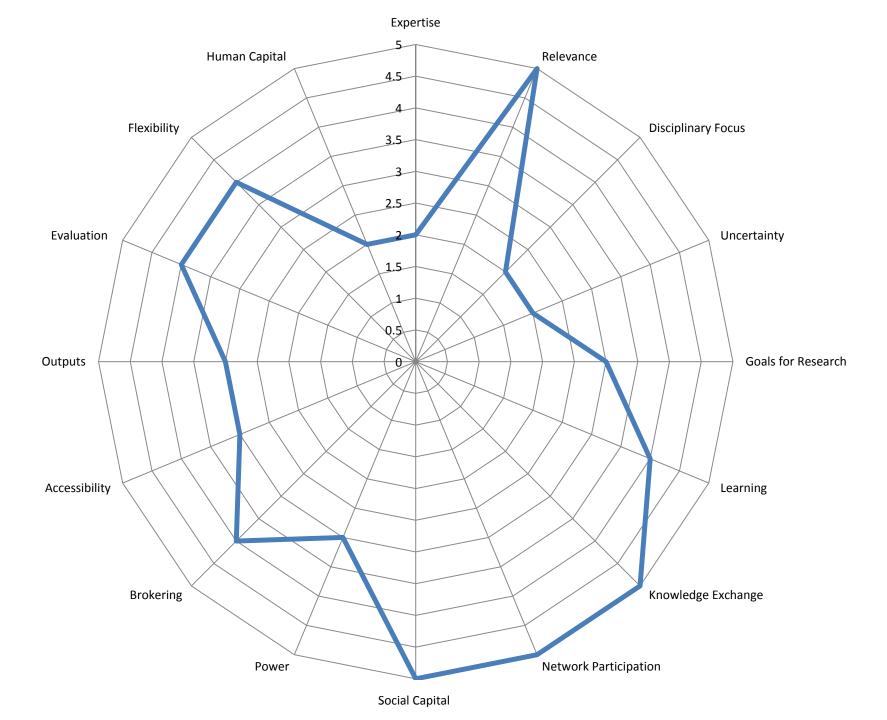
Example: Is a Coffee Tree a Tree?

- Sumberjaya Indonesia
- Government mandated 'Protection Forests'
- Coffee trees not considered 'trees'
- Limited opportunities for livelihoods
- Research question: Do coffee trees provide similar services as timber trees?
- Answer: yes





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Future Directions of Typology

- Test assumptions
- Hold workshops on how to use
- Identify and collaborate with programs to use typology